#### 30.201-7

# 30.201-7 Cognizant Federal agency responsibilities.

See 48 CFR 9903.201-7 (FAR appendix). [61 FR 18917, Apr. 29, 1996, as amended at 62 FR 40237, July 25, 1997]

#### 30.202 Disclosure requirements.

#### 30.202-1 General requirements.

See 48 CFR 9903.202-1 (FAR appendix). [61 FR 18917, Apr. 29, 1996, as amended at 62 FR 40237, July 25, 1997]

### 30.202-2 Impracticality of submission.

See 48 CFR 9903.202–2 (FAR appendix).

[61 FR 18917, Apr. 29, 1996, as amended at 62 FR 40237, July 25, 1997]

#### 30.202-3 Amendments and revisions.

See 48 CFR 9903.202-3 (FAR appendix).

[61 FR 18917, Apr. 29, 1996, as amended at 62 FR 40237, July 25, 1997]

# 30.202-4 Privileged and confidential information.

See 48 CFR 9903.202–4 (FAR appendix).

[61 FR 18917, Apr. 29, 1996, as amended at 62 FR 40237, July 25, 1997]

## 30.202-5 Filing disclosure statements.

See 48 CFR 9903.202-5 (FAR appendix).

[61 FR 18917, Apr. 29, 1996, as amended at 62 FR 40237, July 25, 1997]

#### 30.202-6 Responsibilities.

- (a) The contracting officer is responsible for determining when a proposed contract may require CAS coverage and for including the appropriate notice in the solicitation. The contracting officer must then ensure that the offeror has made the required solicitation certifications and that required Disclosure Statements are submitted. (Also see 48 CFR 9903.201–3 and 9903.202 (FAR appendix).)
- (b) The contracting officer shall not award a CAS-covered contract until the cognizant Federal agency official (CFAO) has made a written determination that a required Disclosure Statement is adequate unless, in order to protect the Government's interest, the agency head, on a nondelegable basis, authorizes award without obtaining submission of the required Disclosure Statement (see 48 CFR 9903.202-2). In

this event, the contractor shall submit the required Disclosure Statement and the CFAO shall make a determination of adequacy as soon as possible after the award.

- (c) The cognizant auditor is responsible for conducting reviews of Disclosure Statements for adequacy and compliance.
- (d) The CFAO is responsible for issuing determinations of adequacy and compliance of the Disclosure Statement.

[57 FR 39587, Aug. 31, 1992, as amended at 61 FR 18917, Apr. 29, 1996; 62 FR 40237, July 25, 1997; 70 FR 11753, Mar. 9, 2005]

# 30.202-7 Determinations.

- (a) Adequacy determination. (1) As prescribed by 48 CFR 9903.202-6 (FAR Appendix), the auditor shall—
- (i) Conduct a review of the Disclosure Statement to ascertain whether it is current, accurate, and complete; and
  - (ii) Report the results to the CFAO.
- (2) The CFAO shall determine if the Disclosure Statement adequately describes the contractor's cost accounting practices. Also, the CFAO shall—
- (i) If the Disclosure Statement is adequate, notify the contractor in writing, and provide a copy to the auditor with a copy to the contracting officer if the proposal triggers submission of a Disclosure Statement. The notice of adequacy shall state that—
- (A) The disclosed practices are adequately described and the CFAO currently is not aware of any additional practices that should be disclosed;
- (B) The notice is not a determination that all cost accounting practices were disclosed; and
- (C) The contractor shall not consider a disclosed practice, by virtue of such disclosure, an approved practice for estimating proposals or accumulating and reporting contract and subcontract cost data; or
- (ii) If the Disclosure Statement is inadequate, notify the contractor of the inadequacies and request a revised Disclosure Statement.
- (3) Generally, the CFAO should furnish the contractor notification of adequacy or inadequacy within 30 days after the CFAO receives the Disclosure Statement.

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- (b) Compliance determination. (1) After the notification of adequacy, the auditor shall—
- (i) Conduct a detailed compliance review to ascertain whether or not the disclosed practices comply with CAS and Part 31, as applicable; and
  - (ii) Advise the CFAO of the results.
- (2) The CFAO shall make a determination of compliance or take action regarding a report of alleged noncompliance in accordance with 30.605(b). Such action should include requesting a revised Disclosure Statement that corrects the CAS noncompliance. Noncompliances with Part 31 shall be processed separately.

[70 FR 11753, Mar. 9, 2005]

# 30.202-8 Subcontractor disclosure statements.

- (a) When the Government requires determinations of adequacy of subcontractor disclosure statements, the CFAO for the subcontractor shall provide this determination to the CFAO for the contractor or next higher-tier subcontractor. The higher-tier CFAO shall not change the determination of the lower-tier CFAO.
- (b) Any determination that it is impractical to secure a subcontractor's Disclosure Statement must be made in accordance with 48 CFR 9903.202-2 (FAR appendix).

[57 FR 39587, Aug. 31, 1992, as amended at 61 FR 18918, Apr. 29, 1996; 62 FR 40237, July 25, 1997; 70 FR 11753, Mar. 9, 2005]

# Subpart 30.3—CAS Rules and Regulations [Reserved]

NOTE: See 48 CFR 9903.3 (FAR appendix).

# Subpart 30.4—Cost Accounting Standards [Reserved]

NOTE: See 48 CFR part 9904 (FAR appendix).

# Subpart 30.5—Cost Accounting Standards for Educational Institutions [Reserved]

Note: See 48 CFR part 9905 (FAR appendix).

# Subpart 30.6—CAS Administration

Source: 70 FR 11753, Mar. 9, 2005, unless otherwise noted.

### 30.601 Responsibility.

- (a) The CFAO shall perform CAS administration for all contracts and subcontracts in a business unit, even when the contracting officer retains other administration functions. The CFAO shall make all CAS-related required determinations and findings (see Subpart 1.7) for all CAS-covered contracts and subcontracts, including—
- (1) Whether a change in cost accounting practice or noncompliance has occurred; and
- (2) If a change in cost accounting practice or noncompliance has occurred, how any resulting cost impacts are resolved.
- (b) Within 30 days after the award of any new contract subject to CAS, the contracting officer making the award shall request the CFAO to perform administration for CAS matters (see Subpart 42.2). For subcontract awards, the contractor awarding the subcontract must follow the procedures at 52.230–6(1), (m), and (n).
- (c) In performing CAS administration, the CFAO shall request and consider the advice of the auditor as appropriate (see 1.602–2).

[70 FR 11753, Mar. 9, 2005, as amended at 73 FR 10967, Feb. 28, 2008]

## 30.602 Materiality.

- (a) In determining materiality, the CFAO shall use the criteria in 48 CFR 9903.305 (FAR Appendix).
- (b) A CFAO determination of materiality—
- (1) May be made before or after a general dollar magnitude proposal has been submitted, depending on the particular facts and circumstances; and
- (2) Shall be based on adequate documentation.
- (c) When the CFAO determines the cost impact is immaterial, the CFAO shall—
- (1) Make no contract adjustments and conclude the cost impact process;
- (2) Document the rationale for the determination; and